

Unofficial English office translation of the proposed amendment of the Articles of Association of VanEck Vectors™ ETFs N.V.

It is proposed to the combined extraordinary general meeting of shareholders of VanEck Vectors™ ETFs N.V. (the **Company**) to be held on Wednesday 8 September 2021 (the **EGM**) to resolve upon the following amendments to the articles of association of the Company:

- to align the text to the Dutch current legislation, including the changed provisions regarding bearer shares (toonder aandelen) represented in the form of a global share certificate (verzamelbewijs) and to allow for participation in meetings by shareholders by electronic means of communication, and modernise its provisions, including the possibility of holding any General Meetings virtually and having votes cast electronically; and
- in connection with the proposed share restructuring as per the Final Statements:
 - (a) share consolidation and issue of new shares on account of the (share premium) reserve (account) in:
 - o Sub-fund F, named 'VanEck Vectors™ Global Equal Weight UCITS ETF' with ISIN NL0009690221, plus increase of share capital: each ordinary share F receives a nominal/par value of EUR 0.02; and
 - o Sub-fund K, named 'VanEck Vectors™ Sustainable World Equal Weight UCITS ETF' with ISIN NL0010408704, plus increase of share capital: each ordinary share K receives a nominal/par value of EUR 0.04; and
 - (b) stock split of Sub-fund F (as merging entity) and Sub-Fund K (receiving entity) with nominal value of EUR 0.01 (no change in issued capital, other than number of shares no capital reduction).

Further information on the changes in nominal value and increase of issued capital and the proposed amendments to the articles of association of the Company is available on the website of the Company (https://www.vanecketfs.nl and www.vaneck.com). Shareholders are advised to read the available information.

The below 3 column-document contains the following information:

- 1. the left column contains the articles of association of the Company, as they currently read since the deed of amendment, executed before C.J.J.M. van Gool, civil law notary officiating in Amsterdam, on 16 October 2019, effective per 1 November 2020;
- 2. the middle column contains the proposed amendments to the articles of association of the Company, and reflects how the articles of association will read after the amendment; and
- 3. the right column contains the explanatory notes to the proposed amendments.

The left and middle of this document contain an unofficial English translation of the articles of association of the Company as proposed in accordance with the above. In this translation an attempt has been made to be as literal as possible without jeopardizing the overall continuity. Inevitably, differences may occur in translation, and if so the Dutch text (as published on the website of the Company) shall prevail.

Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
AMENDMENT OF THE ARTICLES OF	
ASSOCIATION	
VanEck Vectors™ ETFs N.V.	
	AMENDMENT OF THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

Current a	articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
(h)	Central Institute (Centraal Instituut): a		
	central securities depository within the		
	meaning of the Dutch Securities Book-		
	Entry Transfer Act;		
(i)	Participant (deelgenoot): a participant in		
	the Collective Deposit within the		
	meaning of the Dutch Securities Book-		
	Entry Transfer Act;		
(j)	FBI Limits (deelgerechtigdheid FBI-		
	<i>grenzen</i>): the limitations applicable to the		
	Company as a "fiscal investment		
	institution" (an investment institution		
	zero-rated for tax purposes if certain		
	criteria are met) within the meaning of		
	Article 28 of the Dutch Corporation Tax		
	Act 1969 (Wet op de		
	Vennootschapsbelasting 1969), with		
	regard to the number of shares and/or		
	percentages of shares to be held directly		
	or indirectly by certain persons and/or		
	bodies or certain groups thereof,		
	individually or collectively with others, as		
	arising out of such Article referred to		
	above or any regulation substituting		
(14)	therefor, from time to time;		
(K)	Subsidiary (dochtermaatschappij):		
	1. a legal entity in which the Company		
	or one or more of its subsidiaries,		
	can, acting alone or together,		
	exercise more than half of the voting		
	rights at a General Meeting, whether or not pursuant to an agreement		
	with other parties entitled to vote;		
	with other parties entitled to vote,		

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
2. a legal entity of which the Company,		
or one or more of its subsidiaries,		
are member(s) or shareholder(s)		
and with respect to which the		
Company, or one or more of its		
subsidiaries, acting alone or		
together, can appoint or dismiss		
more than half of the members of		
the Board of Directors or of the		
Supervisory Boards, whether or not		
pursuant to an agreement with other		
parties entitled to vote, even if all		
those entitled to vote do in fact vote.		
A subsidiary is a company acting under		
its own name in which the Company, or		
one or more of its subsidiaries, is/are, as		
member(s), fully liable to creditors for the		
debts of that subsidiary company;		
(I) Financial instruments: financial		
instruments within the meaning of article		
1:1 of the Dutch Financial Supervision		
Act (Wet op het financieel toezicht), with		
the exception of property and rights as		
defined in Article 17a, sub-paragraph,		
sections 1 and 2 of the Dutch		
Corporation Tax Act 1969 (Wet op de		
Vennootschaps-belasting 1969);		
(m) Sub-fund : a series of ordinary shares		
(designated a particular letter		
(letteraanduiding)) in the capital of the		
Company; (n) Meeting of Priority Shareholders : the		
body composed of holders of priority		

Curre	ent articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
	shares and Holders of meeting rights		_
	arising from priority shares;		
	(o) Company: VanEck Vectors™ ETFs		
	N.V., a public company limited by shares		
	with its seat in Amsterdam;		
	(p) Holder of meeting rights		
	(vergadergerechtigden):		
	1. shareholders;		
	2. holder of a right of usufruct with		
	voting rights;		
	3. pledgees with voting rights; and		
	4. any persons with the rights granted		
	by law to the holders of depository		
	receipts issued through the Company.		
	(q) Collective Deposit (verzameldepot): a		
	collective deposit (verzameidepot): a		
	the Dutch Securities Book-Entry Transfer		
	Act.		
1.2.	The definitions described above will apply		
	both to the singular and plural of the terms		
	defined.		
2.	Name and registered office		
	The name of the company:		
	VanEck Vectors™ ETFs N.V.		
2.2.	The Company has its corporate seat in		
	Amsterdam, Netherlands.		
2.3.	The Company is an investment company with		
	variable capital within the meaning of Article		
	2:76a of the Dutch Civil Code.		
	Objects		
3.1.	The objects of the Company are:		
	(a) to invest money and other assets		
	solely in Financial instruments,		

Curr	ent articles	Prop	osed articles	Explanatory notes
	applying the principle of risk diversification;			
	(b) to engage in any activities that are related or may be conducive thereto,			
	all of this in the broadest sense.			
3.2.	With due observance of the provisions in			
	paragraph 1, the activities of the Company			
	are limited to managing its assets (beheer			
	van eigen vermogen).			
4.	Capital			
4.1.	The authorised capital of the Company shall			
	amount to fifteen million euros (EUR			
	15,000,000) and is divided into:			
	(a) ten (10) priority shares;(b) one billion four hundred and ninety-			
	(b) one billion four hundred and ninety- nine million nine hundred and ninety-			
	nine thousand nine hundred and ninety			
	(1,499,999,990) ordinary shares,			
	divided into twenty-six classes of			
	ordinary shares designated by the			
	letters A to Z,			
	each with a par value of one cent (EUR			
	0.01).			
4.2.	Unless otherwise specified or unless the			
	context implies otherwise, all references in			
	these Articles of Association to shares and			
	shareholders respectively, this means the			
	classes of share specified in paragraph 1, including the shares or shareholders of each			
	Sub-fund referred to in Article 5 paragraph 1			
	hereof.			
5.	Sub-funds	5.	Sub-funds	
5.1.	A series of ordinary shares is designated	5.1.	A series of ordinary shares is designated	
	hereafter as a Sub-fund.		hereafter as a Sub-fund.	

Current ar	ticles	Proposed	l articles	Explanatory notes
(a)	Sub-fund A consists of fifty-five million	(a)	Sub-fund A consists of fifty-five	
	two hundred eighty-eight thousand five		million two hundred eighty-eight	
	hundred seventeen (55,288,517)		thousand five hundred seventeen	
	ordinary shares A;		(55,288,517) ordinary shares A;	
(b)	Sub-fund B consists of fifty million four	(b)	Sub-fund B consists of fifty million	
	hundred eighty thousand seven		four hundred eighty thousand seven	
	hundred sixty-seven (50,480,767)		hundred sixty-seven (50,480,767)	
	ordinary shares B;		ordinary shares B;	
(c)	Sub-fund C consists of fifty million four	(c)	Sub-fund C consists of fifty million	
	hundred eighty thousand seven		four hundred eighty thousand seven	
	hundred sixty-seven (50,480,767)		hundred sixty-seven (50,480,767)	
(1)	ordinary shares C;	(N	ordinary shares C;	
(d)	Sub-fund D consists of fifty million four	(a)	Sub-fund D consists of fifty million	
	hundred eighty thousand seven		four hundred eighty thousand seven	
	hundred sixty-seven (50,480,767)		hundred sixty-seven (50,480,767)	
(0)	ordinary shares D;	(0)	ordinary shares D;	
(e)	Sub-fund E consists of fifty million four hundred eighty thousand seven	(e)	Sub-fund E consists of fifty million four hundred eighty thousand seven	
	hundred sixty-six (50,480,766) ordinary		hundred sixty-six (50,480,766)	
	shares E;		ordinary shares E;	
(f)	Sub-fund F consists of sixty-six million	(f)	Sub-fund F consists of sixty million	Given the proposed changes within the
(')	one hundred fifty-three thousand eight	(1)	(60,000,000) ordinary shares F;	issued capital by means of the Final
	hundred forty-six (66,153,846) ordinary	(g)	Sub-fund G consists of forty-four	Statements conversions and
	shares F;	(9)	million three hundred two thousand	transitional article 34, the current
(g)	Sub-fund G consists of fifty million four		two hundred sixteen (44,302,216)	amount of shares in Sub-fund F is
(3)	hundred eighty thousand seven		ordinary shares G;	decreased.
	hundred sixty-six (50,480,766) ordinary	(h)	Sub-fund H consists of ninety-one	For sub-fund G, the number of shares
	shares G;	()	million one hundred fifty-three	is increased.
(h)	Sub-fund H consists of ninety-one		thousand eight hundred forty-six	
, ,	million one hundred fifty-three thousand		(91,153,846) ordinary shares H;	
	eight hundred forty-six (91,153,846)	(i)	Sub-fund I consists of ninety-nine	For sub-fund I, the number of shares is
	ordinary shares H;	, ,	million nine hundred five thousand	decreased.
(i)	Sub-fund I consists of one hundred		thirty-two (91,905,032) ordinary	
	thirty-six million one hundred fifty-three		shares I;	

Current ar	ticles	Proposed	l articles	Explanatory notes
	thousand eight hundred forty-six	(j)	Sub-fund J consists of ninety-one	
	(136,153,846) ordinary shares I;		million one hundred fifty-three	
(j)	Sub-fund J consists of ninety-one		thousand eight hundred forty-six	
	million one hundred fifty-three thousand		(91,153,846) ordinary shares J;	
	eight hundred forty-six (91,153,846)	(k)	Sub-fund K consists of one hundred	
	ordinary shares J;		seven million sixty-one thousand	For sub-fund I, the number of shares is
(k)	Sub-fund K consists of fifty million four		nine hundred seventy-six	increased.
	hundred eighty thousand seven		(107,061,976) ordinary shares K;	
	hundred sixty-six (50,480,766) ordinary	(I)	Sub-fund L consists of fifty million	
	shares K;		four hundred eighty thousand seven	
(I)	Sub-fund L consists of fifty million four		hundred sixty-six (50,480,766)	
	hundred eighty thousand seven		ordinary shares L;	
	hundred sixty-six (50,480,766) ordinary	(m)	Sub-fund M consists of fifty million	
	shares L;		four hundred eighty thousand seven	
(m)	Sub-fund M consists of fifty million four		hundred sixty-six (50,480,766)	
	hundred eighty thousand seven		ordinary shares M;	
	hundred sixty-six (50,480,766) ordinary	(n)	Sub-fund N consists of fifty million	
	shares M;		four hundred eighty thousand seven	
(n)	Sub-fund N consists of fifty million four		hundred sixty-six (50,480,766)	
	hundred eighty thousand seven		ordinary shares N;	
	hundred sixty-six (50,480,766) ordinary	(o)	Sub-fund O consists of fifty million	
	shares N;		four hundred eighty thousand seven	
(o)	Sub-fund O consists of fifty million four		hundred sixty-six (50,480,766)	
	hundred eighty thousand seven		ordinary shares O;	
	hundred sixty-six (50,480,766) ordinary	(p)	Sub-fund P consists of fifty million	
	shares O;		four hundred eighty thousand seven	
(p)	Sub-fund P consists of fifty million four		hundred sixty-six (50,480,766)	
	hundred eighty thousand seven		ordinary shares P;	
	hundred sixty-six (50,480,766) ordinary	(q)	Sub-fund Q consists of fifty million	
	shares P;		four hundred eighty thousand seven	
(q)	Sub-fund Q consists of fifty million four		hundred sixty-six (50,480,766)	
	hundred eighty thousand seven	()	ordinary shares Q;	
	hundred sixty-six (50,480,766) ordinary	(r)	Sub-fund R consists of fifty million	
	shares Q;		four hundred eighty thousand seven	

Current ar	ticles	Proposed	d articles	Explanatory notes
(r)	Sub-fund R consists of fifty million four		hundred sixty-six (50,480,766)	
	hundred eighty thousand seven		ordinary shares R;	
	hundred sixty-six (50,480,766) ordinary	(s)	Sub-fund S consists of fifty million	
	shares R;		four hundred eighty thousand seven	
(s)	Sub-fund S consists of fifty million four		hundred sixty-six (50,480,766)	
	hundred eighty thousand seven		ordinary shares S;	
	hundred sixty-six (50,480,766) ordinary	(t)	Sub-fund T consists of fifty million	
	shares S;		four hundred eighty thousand seven	
(t)	Sub-fund T consists of fifty million four		hundred sixty-six (50,480,766)	
	hundred eighty thousand seven		ordinary shares T;	
	hundred sixty-six (50,480,766) ordinary	(u)	Sub-fund U consists of fifty million	
	shares T;		four hundred eighty thousand seven	
(u)	Sub-fund U consists of fifty million four		hundred sixty-six (50,480,766)	
	hundred eighty thousand seven	, ,	ordinary shares U;	
	hundred sixty-six (50,480,766) ordinary	(v)	Sub-fund V consists of fifty million	
	shares U;		four hundred eighty thousand seven	
(v)	Sub-fund V consists of fifty million four		hundred sixty-six (50,480,766)	
	hundred eighty thousand seven	()	ordinary shares V;	
	hundred sixty-six (50,480,766) ordinary	(W)	Sub-fund W consists of fifty million	
(14)	shares V;		four hundred eighty thousand seven	
(w)	Sub-fund W consists of fifty million four		hundred sixty-six (50,480,766)	
	hundred eighty thousand seven	()	ordinary shares W;	
	hundred sixty-six (50,480,766) ordinary	(x)	Sub-fund X consists of fifty million	
(v)	shares W; Sub-fund X consists of fifty million four		four hundred eighty thousand seven hundred sixty-six (50,480,766)	
(x)	hundred eighty thousand seven		ordinary shares X;	
	hundred eighty thousand seven hundred sixty-six (50,480,766) ordinary	(y)	Sub-fund Y consists of fifty million	For sub-fund Y, the number of shares
	shares X;	(y)	four hundred eighty thousand seven	is increased.
(y)	Sub-fund Y consists of fifty million four		hundred sixty-six (50,480,766)	is increased.
(3)	hundred eighty thousand seven		ordinary shares Y;	
	hundred sixty-six (50,480,766) ordinary	(z)	Sub-fund Z consists of fifty million	
	shares Y;	(-)	four hundred eighty thousand seven	
(z)	Sub-fund Z consists of fifty million four		hundred sixty-six (50,480,766)	
	hundred eighty thousand seven		ordinary shares Z.	

Curr	ent articles	Prop	osed articles	Explanatory notes
	hundred sixty-six (50,480,766) ordinary			
	shares Z.			
5.2.	The Board of Directors may assign every			
	Sub-fund a Sub-fund name which indicates			
	what the assets of the relevant Sub-fund are			
	invested in.			
5.3.	Sums paid up on ordinary shares belonging			
	to a specific Sub-fund shall be booked to the			
	account held for the Sub-fund concerned (the			
	Sub-fund account), this account being			
	designated the same letter as the Sub-fund in			
	question.			
5.4.	The Sub-fund accounts, as well as the			
	reserve account corresponding to the			
	relevant Sub-fund, referred to in article 22			
	paragraph 3 of these Articles of Association, shall be invested and administered			
	separately for the benefit of the holders of			
	shares of the relevant Sub-fund.			
6.	Shares	6.	Shares	
6.1.	Priority shares shall be registered and	0.	Onares	
0.1.	numbered consecutively from 1 onwards and			
	designated by the letter "P".			
6.2.	Ordinary shares shall take the form either of			
	bearer shares (toonderaandelen) or			
	registered shares (aandelen op naam), at the			
	discretion of the holder.			
6.3.	Bearer ordinary shares shall be represented	6.3.	Bearer ordinary shares, issued from time	Further to the Dutch Act on the
	per Sub-fund by one single share certificate		to time, shall be embodied in one share	conversion of bearer shares (Wet
	On subscribing to shares issued, persons		certificate for each Sub-fund ('global'	omzetting aandelen aan toonder), only
	acquiring a right to a share in the Company		(verzamelbewijs)).	the Central Institute is allowed to hold
	shall acquire a right to a bearer share in the		On subscribing to shares issued,	in custody for safekeeping any global
	manner set out below.		persons acquiring a right to a share in	notes representing physical bearer
			the Company shall acquire a right to a	share certificates, and article 2:82

Current articles		Prop	osed articles	Explanatory notes
6.4.	The Company shall have the share certificates referred to in paragraph 3 held in custody for the right holder(s) at the Central Institute.	6.4.	bearer share in the manner set out below. The share certificates referred to in paragraph 3 are held in custody by the	paragraph 1 has been amended accordingly. The Company wishes to align its Articles of Association in accordance therewith.
6.5.	The Company confers a right to a bearer share to the party entitled thereto as a result of: (a) the Central Institute enabling the Company to add a share to the relevant share certificate (or have a share added to the relevant share certificate) and (b) the person entitled thereto designating an Affiliated Institution which credits him accordingly as a participant in its Collective Deposit. Without prejudice to the provisions in the second and third sentences of article 26, paragraph 2, of these Articles of Association, management of the share certificate is	6.5.	Central Institute. The Company confers a right to a bearer share to the party entitled thereto as a result of: (a) having the Central Institute added such share to the relevant share certificate; and (b) the person entitled thereto designating an Affiliated Institution which credits him accordingly as a participant in its Collective Deposit. The Central Institute has been charged irrevocably to, on behalf of the entitled party, do everything necessary in relation to the shares, which includes	Update and alignment in accordance with articles 8, 12 and 26 of the Dutch Securities Book-Entry Transfer Act (Wet giraal effectenverkeer).
6.7.	irrevocably assigned to the Central Institute and the Central Institute is irrevocably authorised to, on behalf of the entitled party, do everything necessary in relation to the shares, which includes accepting, transferring and cooperating with the registration of increases and decreases on the relevant share certificate. If a participant wishes an Affiliated Institution to deliver one or more bearer shares up to at most the amount for which he is participant: (a) the Central Institute will transfer the shares to the Affiliated Institution by deed;	6.7.	accepting, transferring and cooperating with the registration of any increase or decrease on the relevant share certificate. The delivery of bearer shares out of the Collective Deposit will only be permitted within the meaning of Article 26 paragraphs 3 or 4 of the Dutch Securities Book-Entry Transfer Act (Wet giraal effectenverkeer).	Alignment with the current provisions of the Dutch Securities Book-Entry Transfer Act (Wet giraal effectenverkeer).

Curr	ent art	icles	Prop	osed articles	Explanatory notes
	(b)	the Company shall acknowledge the			
		delivery referred to under (a) above;			
	(c)	the Central Institute will enable the			
		Company to remove the shares from			
		the relevant share certificate (or have			
		them removed);			
	(d)	the Central Institute will debit the			
		relevant Affiliated Institution			
		accordingly in its book-entry system			
		(girodepot);			
	(e)	the Affiliated Institution concerned			
		shall deliver the shares to the person			
	(£)	entitled thereto;			
	(f)	the Company will acknowledge the			
	(a)	delivery referred to under (e) above; the relevant Affiliated Institution will			
	(g)	debit the shareholder accordingly as a			
		participant in its Collective Deposit.			
	The C	Company may not charge the			
		holder who has his ordinary shares			
		ered or converted into bearer shares on			
		ids of the provisions in this paragraph or			
		ext paragraph more than the costs			
	involv				
6.8.	A hold	der of one or more registered ordinary	6.8.	A holder of one or more registered	
		s can have their shares converted into		ordinary shares can have their shares	Alignment with the terminology of the
	beare	er shares at any time by undertaking the		converted into bearer shares at any time	Dutch Securities Book-Entry Transfer
	follow	ring:		by:	Act (Wet giraal effectenverkeer).
	(a)	the shareholder transfers this share or		(a) the shareholder transfers this share	
		these shares to the Affiliated		or these shares to the Affiliated	
		Institution by deed;		Institution by deed;	
	(b)	the Company will acknowledge the		(b) the Company will acknowledge the	
		delivery referred to under (a) above;		delivery referred to under (a) above;	

Curre	ent articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
	(c) the Affiliated Institution will credit the	(c) the Affiliated Institution will credit the	
	shareholder accordingly as a	shareholder accordingly as a	
	participant in its Collective Deposit;	participant in its Collective Deposit;	
	(d) the Affiliated Institution will transfer	(d) the Affiliated Institution will transfer	
	the shares to the Central Institute;	the shares to the Central Institute;	
	(e) the Company will acknowledge the	(e) the Company will acknowledge the	
	delivery referred to under (d) above;	delivery referred to under (d) above;	
	(f) the Central Institute credits the	(f) the Central Institute credits the	
	relevant Affiliated Institution	relevant Affiliated Institution	
	accordingly in its book-entry system	accordingly in its book-entry system	
	(girodepot);	(girodepot);	
	(g) the Central Institute authorises the	(g) the Central Institute enters the	
	Company to enter the share on the	shares on the share certificate	
	share certificate concerned or to have	concerned and the Company	
	it entered.	arranges the deregistration of the	
6.9.	Every share certificate (aandeelbewijs) must	share and the named shareholder in	
0.40	be personally signed by a director.	the register of shareholder.	
6.10.	If a share certificate is mislaid, a duplicate	The conversion of a registered share	
	certificate may be issued by the Board of	into a bearer share and vice versa shall	
	Directors subject to the terms and conditions	be carried out at no more than cost.	From the on the the Drottele A et and the
	therefor laid down by the Board.	6.9. [deleted]	Further to the Dutch Act on the
	After issue of this duplicate share certificate, which will be marked with the word	6.10. [deleted]	conversion of bearer shares (Wet
			omzetting aandelen aan toonder), article 2:86d Dutch Civil Code has
	'duplicate', the original document will be worthless with respect to the Company.		been cancelled.
6 1 1	For the application of the provisions of these	6.11. [renumbered into 6.9:]	been cancelled.
0.11.	Articles of Association, the person entitled as	For the application of the provisions of	Renumbering into article 6.9.
	participant in a Collective Deposit for ordinary	these Articles of Association, the	Trendifibering into article 0.9.
	shares as referred to in the Dutch Securities	person entitled as participant in a	
	Book-Entry Transfer Act is understood to be	Collective Deposit for ordinary shares	
	a shareholder.	as referred to in the Dutch Securities	
7.	Register of Shareholders	Book-Entry Transfer Act is understood	
7.1.	The Board of Directors shall keep a Register	to be a shareholder.	
	of Shareholder in which the names and	10 20 21 21121 21131 201 1	

Curr	ent articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
7.2.	addresses of all holders of priority shares and registered ordinary shares are given, in accordance with the requirements therefor laid down in Article 2:85 of the Dutch Civil Code. The Board of Directors shall make Register	•	
7.3.	available at the Company's office for inspection by priority shareholders, registered ordinary shareholders and Holders of meeting rights. Extracts from the register of shareholders are	7.3 Upon request, the Board of Directors shall provide the shareholders, the	Update and aligned with article 2:85
Ω	not negotiable.	holder of a right of usufruct and a	paragraph 3 of the Dutch Civil Code
8. 8.1.	Issuance and pre-emptive rights Shares may only be issued by resolution of the Board of Directors, which resolution also contains the price and the other conditions of issue. The issue of shares never takes place below par value, without prejudice to the provisions of article 2:80 (2) of the Dutch Civil Code. When a share is issued, the entire nominal value must be paid up; if the share is acquired for a higher amount, the difference between the nominal value and this higher amount must also be paid up.	pledgee, free of charge, with an extract from the register reflecting their right to a registered share. If a right of usufruct or right of pledge is vested in a registered share, the extract will state to whom the rights granted by law to the holders of depository receipts issued through the Company accrue.	regarding the shareholders' register.
8.2.	In deciding to issue ordinary shares in a Sub- fund, the Board of Directors may pass a resolution to issue more ordinary shares of that specific Sub-fund than the number of ordinary shares in the authorised capital set aside for that Sub-fund; where this is the case, the maximum number of ordinary shares of that Sub-fund that can still be issued may not exceed the number of		

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
ordinary shares making up the authorised capital that have not yet been subscribed to by the time of the issue is decided. The resolution of the Board of Directors referred to in this paragraph shall come into effect from the time that the Board makes the announcement referred to in the previous sentence. Once a resolution as referred to in the first sentence has been passed, the Board of Directors shall report the following information, without delay, to the trade register with which it is registered: (a) the number of ordinary shares in the authorised capital by which of the Subfund concerned is increased as a result of the issue referred to in the previous paragraph; and, (b) the number of ordinary shares in the authorised capital by which of the other Sub-funds concerned are decreased as a result of the issue referred to in the previous paragraph. 8.3. In the event of an issue as referred to in paragraph 2, the number of ordinary shares in the authorised capital allocated to the Subfund whose ordinary shares are being issued shall be increased by the number of ordinary shares of that Sub-fund that are issued when the issue is made, and the number of ordinary shares in the authorised capital allocated to another Sub-fund shall be reduced correspondingly.	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
 8.4. In passing a resolution as referred to in paragraph 2, the Board of Directors shall determine the number of ordinary shares in the authorised capital by which the Sub-funds referred to in paragraph 3 shall be decreased by. In the event of a double issue as set out in paragraph 2, the total number indicated in paragraph 3 is deducted from the number of ordinary shares in the authorised capital allocated to the Sub-funds, as specified in the Board resolution referred to in the previous sentence. 8.5. The Board of Directors may decide to convert ordinary treasury shares in a specific Subfund. In the event of conversion, each ordinary share in a specific Sub-fund shall be converted in a single ordinary share in another Sub-fund. In the resolution on conversion, the Board of Directors shall determine which ordinary shares of which Sub-fund shall be converted, the number of shares that will be converted and to which ordinary shares of which Subfund they will be converted into. Conversion as referred to in this paragraph cannot take place if the relevant ordinary shares are encumbered with restricted rights. Where a resolution on conversion leads to more ordinary shares being subscribed to than are allocated to the Sub-fund concerned in the authorised capital, the provisions of 	8.4. In passing a resolution as referred to in paragraph 2, the Board of Directors shall determine the number of ordinary shares in the authorised capital by which the Sub-funds referred to in paragraph 3 shall be decreased by. In the event of the issue as set out in paragraph 2, the total number indicated in paragraph 3 is deducted from the number of ordinary shares in the authorised capital allocated to the Subfunds, as specified in the resolution referred to in the previous sentence.	Textual change.

Curr	ent articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
	paragraphs 2 to 4 shall apply mutatis		
	mutandis.		
8.6.	Shareholders do not have any pre-emptive		
	right upon the issue of ordinary shares,		
	unless the resolution to issue shares states		
	otherwise.		
	Priority shareholders shall have a pre-		
	emptive right if priority shares are issued.		
8.7.	1 7		
	issue of ordinary shares if and in so far not		
	listed on Euronext Amsterdam N.V., a deed		
	must be executed before a notary practising		
	in the Netherlands.		
9.	Own shares		
9.1.	The Company may not acquire any of its own		
	shares upon the issue of shares.		
9.2.	The Company may acquire its own shares for		
	no consideration or with due observance of		
	the provisions in Article 2:98 of the Dutch Civil Code.		
0.2			
9.5.	The provisions of Article 8 of these Articles of Association apply accordingly to the		
	Company's disposal of own shares it holds,		
	on the understanding that disposal for below		
	par is permitted.		
94	The value of the ordinary shares of a given		
"	series, and consequently the securities of a		
	given Sub-fund, shall be calculated on the		
	basis of the applicable prices on the stock		
	exchange and other markets.		
	This price shall serve as the basis for the		
	price determination in any off-market		
	transactions performed by the Company in		
	relation to shares it holds in its own capital.		

Curr	ent articles	Propo	sed articles	Explanatory notes
	The intrinsic value of the ordinary shares in the Company's capital is determined by dividing the balance of the Company's assets by a number equal to the number of issued ordinary shares less the number of ordinary shares held by the Company itself. The balance of the assets is then determined with reference to generally accepted accounting principles. Income and expenses are allocated to the period to which they relate. Other assets are in principle stated at			
10.	nominal value. Financial assistance The Company may not, with a view to enabling others to subscribe or acquire shares in its capital or depositary receipts for such shares, provide loans, furnish security, give a price guarantee or in any other manner make commitments or bind itself jointly and severally, or otherwise in addition to others or for others. This prohibition also applies to its subsidiaries.	10.	Finance assistance The Company may not, with a view to enabling others to subscribe or acquire shares in its capital or depositary receipts for such shares, furnish security, give a price guarantee or in any other manner make commitments or bind itself jointly and severally, or otherwise in addition to others or for others. This prohibition also applies to its	Aligned with current article 2:98c of the Dutch Civil Code, which allows for loans for the subscription or acquisition of own shares under specific conditions.
11. 11.1.	Capital reduction The General Meeting may pass a resolution to reduce the issued capital by amending the Articles of Association to lower the value of the shares or by cancelling shares. The resolution must indicate the shares to which the resolution relates and how the resolution is to be implemented. The paid-up and called-up portion of the capital may not be less than the minimum		subsidiaries. The Company (and its subsidiaries) may not provide loans, with a view to enabling others to subscribe or acquire shares in its capital or depositary receipts for such shares, unless the Board of Directors decides thereto and in accordance with the provisions of Article 2:98c paragraph 2 and onwards of the Dutch Civil Code	

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
capital prescribed by law at the time of the		
resolution.		
11.2. A resolution to cancel shares may only		
concern:		
(a) shares which the Company itself holds or for which it holds the depositary		
receipts;		
(b) all priority shares;		
(c) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund A;		
(d) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund B;		
(e) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund C;		
(f) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund D;		
(g) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund E;		
(h) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund F;		
(i) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund G;		
(j) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund H;		
(k) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund I;		
(I) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund J;		
(m) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund K;		
(n) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund L;		
(o) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund M;		
(p) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund N;		
(q) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund O;		
(r) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund P;		
(s) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund Q;		
(t) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund R;		
(u) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund S;		
(v) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund T;		
(w) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund U;		
(x) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund V;		
(y) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund W;		
(z) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund X;		
(aa) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund Y;		
(bb) all ordinary shares in Sub-fund Z.		

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
11.3. Reduction of the value of shares without repayment must occur proportionately for all shares of the same class.		
The proportionality requirement may be		
deviated from if all shareholders concerned		
consent.		
11.4. Partial repayment on shares is only possible in order to carry out a resolution to reduce the value of the shares.Such repayment can only take place:		
(a) either proportionally for all shares;		
(b) or solely for all priority shares;(c) or solely for all ordinary shares in Subfund A;		
(d) or solely for all ordinary shares in Subfund B;		
(e) or solely for all ordinary shares in Sub- fund C;		
(f) or solely for all ordinary shares in Sub- fund D;		
(g) or solely for all ordinary shares in Subfund E;		
(h) or solely for all ordinary shares in Sub- fund F;		
(i) or solely for all ordinary shares in Sub- fund G;		
(j) or solely for all ordinary shares in Sub- fund H;		
(k) or solely for all ordinary shares in Subfund I;		
(I) or solely for all ordinary shares in Subfund J;		
(m) or solely for all ordinary shares in Subfund K;		

Current a	articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
(n)	or solely for all ordinary shares in Subfund L;		
(0)	or solely for all ordinary shares in Subfund M;		
(p)	or solely for all ordinary shares in Subfund N;		
(p)	or solely for all ordinary shares in Sub- fund O;		
(r)	or solely for all ordinary shares in Subfund P;		
(s)	or solely for all ordinary shares in Subfund Q;		
(t)	or solely for all ordinary shares in Subfund R;		
(u)	or solely for all ordinary shares in Subfund S;		
(v)	or solely for all ordinary shares in Subfund T;		
(w)	or solely for all ordinary shares in Subfund U;		
(x)	or solely for all ordinary shares in Subfund V;		
(y)	or solely for all ordinary shares in Subfund W;		
(z)	or solely for all ordinary shares in Subfund X;		
(aa	or solely for all ordinary shares in Subfund Y;		
(bb)	or solely for all ordinary shares in Subfund Z.		
dev	e proportionality requirement may be iated from if all shareholders concerned sent.		

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
11.5. A resolution to reduce the capital requires the		
prior or simultaneous approval of every group		
of holders of shares of the same class whose		
rights are being affected.		
11.6. The convocation notice for a meeting at which a resolution as referred to in this article		
is to be passed shall state the purpose of the		
capital reduction and how this will be		
implemented.		
11.7. The provisions in Article 31, paragraph 2, of		
these Articles of Association shall apply		
mutatis mutandis.		
12. Issue of depositary receipts for shares		
The Company shall not cooperate with the issue of		
depositary receipts for shares in its capital.		
13. FBI Limits		
13.1. Shareholders are required to observe the FBI Limits.		
If a shareholder exceeds any such ceiling,		
however, for any reason whatsoever, the		
relevant shareholder is required to		
immediately proceed to transfer the relevant		
shares so that the ceiling is no longer		
exceeded.		
13.2. If, at the sole discretion of the Board, one or		
more of the FBI limits is exceeded or risks		
being exceeded, the Board may take all		
measures required to ensure that so that the		
ceiling is no longer exceeded or to prevent		
ceiling being exceeded, including but not limited to, the authority to require one or		
more shareholders to transfer, without delay,		
one or more of the shares to the company or		
to a third party designated by the Board.		
to a time party decignated by the Board.		

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
13.3. If a shareholder is required to transfer one or		
more shares pursuant to this article:		
(a) If the shareholder fails to comply with		
the requirements set out in the previous		
paragraph after being notified of those		
obligations by the Board by registered		
letter, the Board is irrevocably		
authorised to dispose of as many		
shares as are required to ensure that		
the FBI Limits on equity interests is no		
longer exceeded, with the costs of the		
transfer being borne by the shareholder		
concerned;		
the Company will ensure that the relevant shareholder receives the		
purchase price of the sold shares after		
deduction of the costs without delay;		
(b) the profit entitlement and voting rights		
associated with those shares will be		
suspended in relation to those shares.		
13.4. The Company is authorised to demand that		
the relevant shareholder hold the Company		
harmless or take other measures.		
13.5. All announcements, notices, statements		
and/or demands as referred to in this article		
must take place in writing in exchange for		
confirmation of receipt or by registered letter.		
14. Transfer of shares		
14.1. For the transfer of priority shares or the		
establishment or transfer of a limited right		
thereto, a deed to this effect executed before		
a notary practising in the Netherlands is		
required.		
14.2. The provisions of the law also apply.		

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
If and as long as registered ordinary shares:		
(a) are listed on Euronext Amsterdam		
N.V., the transfer of registered ordinary		
shares or the establishment or transfer		
of a restricted right to such a share		
requires a deed for that purpose, with		
due observance of the provisions in		
article 2:86c of the Dutch Civil Code;		
(b) are not listed on Euronext Amsterdam		
N.V., the transfer of registered ordinary		
shares or the establishment or transfer		
of a restricted right to such a share		
requires a deed for that purpose,		
executed before a civil-law notary		
practising in the Netherlands, with due		
observance of the provisions in article 2:86 of the Dutch Civil Code.		
15. Governance		
15.1. The Company shall have a Board of		
Directors consisting of one or more Directors.		
The number of directors shall be determined		
by the Meeting of Priority Shareholders.		
15.2. The directors are appointed by the General		
Meeting on the basis of a binding nomination		
of at least two persons for every vacancy,		
which is prepared by the Meeting of Priority		
Shareholders.		
The binding nomination must be prepared		
within two months after a vacancy requiring		
filling arises.		
If the Meeting of Priority Shareholders does		
not exercise its right to prepare a binding		
nomination or do so on time, the General		
Meeting is free in its appointment.		

The General Meeting may always lift the binding character of the nomination pursuant to a resolution adopted by at least two-thirds of the votes cast representing more than half of the issued capital. 15.3. The General Meeting may suspend or dismiss the directors at any time; this suspension or dismissal takes effect immediately as of the day that the General Meeting adopts this resolution or as of a different date in the future as decided by the general meeting. 15.4. Unless it has been proposed by the Meeting of Priority Shareholders, a resolution to suspend or dismiss directors can only be adopted in the general meeting by at least two-thirds of the votes cast representing more than half of the issued capital. 15.5. If the General Meeting has suspended a director, the general meeting must resolve within three months after the suspension	
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15.5. If the General Meeting has suspended a director, the general meeting must resolve	
director, the general meeting must resolve	
within three months after the suspension	
takes effect to either dismiss the director, lift	
his suspension or maintain the suspension; if	
it fails to do so, the suspension expires.	
A suspension cannot be extended by more	
than three months in total, counted from the	
day on which the General Meeting adopted	
the resolution to maintain the suspension. If	
the General Meeting has not resolved within	
the time period for maintaining the	
suspension either to dismiss the particular	
director or lift his suspension, the suspension	
expires.	

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
15.6. The remuneration and other employment		
conditions for each director individually are		
determined by the Meeting of Priority		
Shareholders.		
16. Organisation of the Board of Directors		
16.1. Subject to the restrictions established in		
these Articles of Association, the Board of		
Directors is responsible for management of		
the company, including investment of the		
Company's assets, spreading the risks		
thereof to ensure are spread to enable its		
shareholders to share in the income.		
16.2. The Board of Directors shall pass resolutions		
by an absolute majority of the votes cast at a		
meeting in which the majority of all the		
directors are present or represented. Blank votes shall be deemed not to have		
been cast.		
16.3. Each director shall be entitled to cast one		
vote at meetings of the Board of Directors.		
16.4. A director may not take part in deliberations		
and decision making if he has a direct or		
indirect personal interest in those		
proceedings which conflicts with the interests		
of the Company and its business.		
16.5. A director may only be represented at Board		
meetings by another director granted a proxy		
for that particular meeting.		
16.6. The Board may also pass resolutions without		
holding a meeting if all directors have been		
consulted and none of them objects to this		
manner of decision making.		
16.7. The prior approval of the Meeting of Priority		
Shareholders is required for all resolutions by		

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
the Board of Directors on legal acts as well		-
as on matters clearly specified by the		
Meeting of Priority Shareholders and brought		
to the attention of the Board of Directors in		
writing.		
16.8. The absence of the approval referred to in		
this paragraph shall not detract from the		
authority of the Board of Directors or the		
directors to represent the Company.		
17. Absence or inability to act		
17.1. If one or more directors are absence or		
unable to act, management of the Company		
shall be vested in the remaining directors or		
the sole remaining director.		
17.2. In the event of the absence or inability to act		
of all the directors or the sole director,		
management of the Company shall be vested		
temporarily in a person designated for this		
purpose by the Meeting of Priority		
Shareholders.		
18. Representation		
18.1. The Company shall be represented by the		
Board of Directors, insofar as not provided		
otherwise by law.		
18.2. Authority to represent also accrues to:		
(a) two directors acting jointly;		
(b) a director and an officer, as referred to in		
paragraph 3, acting jointly.		
18.3. The Board of Directors may, without		
absolving it of its own responsibility, appoint		
officers with powers of representation and, in		
a power of attorney, grant them the titles and		
powers it determines.		
19. Financial year and financial statements		

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
19.1. The Company's financial year shall be concurrent with the calendar year.19.2. The Board of Directors shall draw up the		
annual financial statements (consisting of the balance sheet and income statement together with the notes to the accounts) within four months of the end of each financial year, save where this term is extended, by a maximum of five months, by the General Meeting due to exceptional circumstances. The Board of Directors shall also draw up its management report within this same time period.	19.2. The Board of Directors shall draw up the annual financial statements (consisting of the balance sheet and income statement together with the notes to the accounts) within four months of the end of each financial year. The Board of Directors shall also draw up its management report within this same time period.	Aligned with article 2:101 paragraph 1 second and third sentence (regarding the term) of the Dutch Civil Code regarding the annual accounts, which states that no extension is possible for companies with listed shares.
19.3. The annual financial statements shall be signed by all the directors.If one or more of their signatures are missing, this must be indicated on the document concerned, stating the reason therefor.		
19.4. The Board of Directors shall make the annual financial statements available for inspection by Holders of meeting rights at the Company's office within the timespan referred to in paragraph 2. The Board of Directors shall also make the annual report available for inspection by Holders of meeting rights within the same time period.		
20. Auditor 20.1. The Company shall instruct an Accountant to audit the financial statements in accordance with the provisions of Article 2:393 (3) of the Dutch Civil Code.		

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
20.2. The authority to grant the audit mandate lies		
with the General Meeting.		
If it fails to do so, the Board of Directors shall		
have the authority to act.		
The audit mandate may be withdrawn at any		
time by the General Meeting and by the body		
that granted it.		
20.3. The auditor referred to in paragraph 1 shall		
submit a report on its audit to the Board of		
Directors and set out the findings of the audit		
in a statement on the reliability of the annual financial statements.		
20.4. The auditor will report the findings of its audit		
in an opinion on whether the financial		
statements provide a true and fair view.		
21. Submission to the General Meeting		
Availability for inspection.		
21.1. The Company shall ensure that the financial		
statements drawn up, the management		
report and the information to be provided		
pursuant to Section 2:392(1) of the Dutch		
Civil Code are available for inspection at its		
office from the date of the convocation notice		
for the General Meeting.		
Holders of meeting rights may examine the		
documents at that location and obtain a copy		
of thereof free of charge.		
21.2. The financial statements shall be approved		
by the General Meeting.		
21.3. The financial statements cannot be adopted if		
the General Meeting has not been able to		
consult the auditor's opinion referred to in		
article 20, paragraph 4, unless a legitimate		

Curr	ent articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
	reason for the absence of this opinion is		
	given in the other information.		
21.4.	Once the motion for the adoption of the		
	annual financial statements has been		
	addressed, a motion shall be put to the		
	General Meeting for the grant of discharge of		
	the Directors for the policy they have pursued		
	during the financial year concerned as		
	reflected in the annual financial statements or		
	reported at the General Meeting.		
22.	Appropriation of profits		
22.1.	The Company may only make distributions to		
	the shareholders (and any other entitled		
	parties) from the profit available for		
	distribution if the Company's equity capital		
	exceeds the amount of its paid-up capital		
	plus the reserves that must be maintained by		
	law.		
22.2.	Distribution of profits may only take place		
	after adoption of the annual financial		
	statements showing that such distribution is		
	permissible.		
	A dividend amounting to four percent (4%) of		
	the paid-up nominal value of the shares held		
	shall first be paid to the priority shareholders		
	from the profits established in the annual		
00.0	financial statements adopted.		
22.3.	The Company shall maintain a reserve for		
	each Sub-fund, designated by the letter		
	assigned to the Sub-fund to which the		
00.4	reserve relates.		
22.4.	The interest or other income accruing to each		
	Sub-fund and the reserve account bearing		
	the same letter after deduction of the costs		

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
and tax incurred by that Sub-fund shall be determined on the basis of the profit established in the annual financial statements. The Board shall determine, subject to the approval of the Meeting of Priority Shareholders, the proportion of the amount referred to in the preceding sentence to be added to the reserve account maintained for the Sub-fund concerned. The amount remaining after the addition to the reserve referred to in the preceding sentence shall be paid to the ordinary shareholders of the Sub-fund concerned in proportion to the respective holdings in that Sub-fund. (Foreign-exchange) losses incurred by a Sub-fund shall be booked to the reserve account bearing the same letter, and should		
this prove insufficient, to the Sub-fund account itself. 22.5. The costs and expenses incurred by Company referred to in paragraph 4 of this article, including the priority shares dividend, shall be shares across the various Sub-funds accounts in proportion to the total balances		
for each of those accounts, together with their corresponding reserve accounts, as at the last day of the financial year in which those costs and expenses were incurred. 22.6. The balance of each reserve account shall accrue to the ordinary shareholder of the Sub-fund concerned in proportion to their respective shareholdings in that Sub-fund.		

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
22.7. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 1 of		
this article, a resolution of the General		
Meeting, on proposal by the Meeting of		
Priority Shareholders and the meeting of		
ordinary shareholders of the Sub-fund		
concerned, shall be required for all		
distributions from a Sub-fund account and/or		
reserve account, or full liquidation of a		
reserve account.		
22.8. In the event of a loss not offset in accordance		
with the provisions of the last sentence of		
paragraph 4, the Board of Directors shall		
liquidate all or part of the reserve accounts in		
proportion to the total balances of each of the		
reserve accounts and the corresponding		
Sub-fund accounts as at the last day of the		
financial year in which the loss was incurred.		
For application of the previous sentence, the		
losses that have been charged in accordance		
with paragraph 4 of the last sentence are		
deducted from the relevant balances.		
22.9. If a specific Sub-fund has more than one		
shareholder, all shareholder distributions		
made pursuant to this article shall in		
proportion to their respective shareholdings in the Sub-fund concerned.		
22.10. On proposal by the Board of Directors,		
subject to approval by the Meeting of Priority		
Shareholders, the General Meeting may		
decide that all or part of a profits distribution		
take the form of ordinary shares of the		
relevant Sub-fund rather than in cash.		
22.11. The Company may only pay out interim		
distributions if the requirements of paragraph		

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1 have been satisfied and provided the		
Meeting of Priority Shareholders has given its		
approval in advance.		
22.12. No distribution for the benefit of the		
Company takes place on shares acquired by		
the Company in its capital or shares for which		
the Company holds the depositary receipts.		
22.13. In calculating the profit distribution, the		
shares for which no distribution takes place		
for the benefit of the Company pursuant to		
paragraph 12 are not counted. 22.14. An announcement is made in accordance		
with article 25 paragraph 2 when dividends or		
other distributions become payable.		
22.15. A claim to payment expires by the passage		
of five years counted from the day the claim		
becomes payable.		
22.16. Articles 2:103, 2:104 and 2:105 of the Dutch		
Civil Code also apply to distributions to		
shareholders.		
23. General Meeting		
23.1. Annually, at least one General Meeting shall		
be held within four months of the end of the		
Company's financial year.		
23.2. The agenda of the General Meeting shall		
include the following items:		
(a) discussion of the management report;		
(b) discussion and adoption of the annual		
financial statements;		
(c) payment of dividends;		
(d) the grant of discharge to the directors;		
(e) the filling of any vacancies;		
(5) the fining of any vacantion,		

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
 (f) any other motions placed on the agenda by the Board of Directors or the Meeting of Priority Shareholders and notified in accordance with the provisions of Article 26 paragraph 2. 23.3. If the period referred to in Article 19 paragraph 2 of these Articles of Association is extended in accordance with the provisions laid down therein, the items referred to in paragraphs 2(a), (b) and (c) shall be placed on the agenda of a General Meeting, to be held no more than one month after the date on which the deadline expires. 24. Extraordinary General Meetings 24.1. Without prejudice to paragraph 2 of this article, Extraordinary General Meetings shall be held as often as the Board of Directors or the Meeting of Priority Shareholders deems to be necessary. 	[23.3 deleted .] 24.2. Shareholders representing at least one-	In view of the alignment with the change of article 19.2 of these Articles of Association. Alignment with articles 2:109 and 2:110
	24.2. Shareholders representing at least one- tenth of the Company's subscribed capital may submit to the Board of Directors a request in writing (including by electronic means of communication) for a General Meeting to be convened. In the request, the parties must indicate in detail the items to be discussed. If the Board of Directors does not convene a General Meeting so that it can be held within eight weeks of the request, those making the request may convene a meeting subject to the applicable provisions of articles 2:110, 2:111 and	Alignment with articles 2:109 and 2:110 regarding the convocation of meetings also through a court order (final sentence, refers to eight week period for a listed company) of the Dutch Civil Code.

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25.1.	General Meetings shall be held in the	2:212 of the Dutch Civil Code and of	
	municipality in which the Company has its	these Articles of Association.	
25.0	seat.		
25.2.	All convening notices or notifications to		
	Holders of meeting rights, including calls to General Meetings, shall be made in a		
	manner that is in accordance with the law		
	(including public announcements made by		
	electronic means) and in the manner		
	prescribed by the regulated market(s) if the		
	shares have been admitted to trading at the		
	request of the Company.		
25.3.	Holders of meeting rights shall be convened		
	to General Meetings by the Board of		
	Directors by means of a convening notice.		
	General Meetings shall be convened at least		
	forty-two days before the meeting is to be held.		
25.4	The convocation notice shall indicate the	25.4 The convocation notice shall state the	The Articles of Association currently do
25.4.	items to be discussed, unless the agenda is	items to be discussed, the place and time	not allow Holders of meeting rights to
	deposited at the Company's offices and at	of the meeting, the procedure for	participate in the general meeting by
	the places announced in the convocation	participation in the meeting through a	electronic means of communication (as
	notice for inspection by Holders of meeting	written proxy, the procedure for participation in the meeting and the	per article 2:114 paragraph 1 sub d of the Dutch Civil Code), i.e. hold virtual
	rights, who can obtain a copy thereof free of	conditions or exercise of voting rights by	meetings ~ though on the basis of the
	charge, and this is announced in the	means of an electronic means of	Temporary COVID-19 Act (and its
	convening notice; in the event of a proposal	communication, as well as other	anticipated extension), this is currently
	to amend the Articles of Association or to	information prescribed by law.	possible. The necessary provisions are
	dissolve the Company, this must always be	Any other announcements for the general	now added and will allow for virtual
	stated in the convocation notice of the	meeting may take place either in the convocation notice or through having	meetings.
	meeting.	such documents at the Company's offices	
	No valid resolutions can be adopted on items	made available for inspection by Holders	
	in relation to which the previous sentence	· •	

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
has not been satisfied and the discussion of which items has not been announced in a similar manner and with due observance of the time period stipulated for the notice convening the meeting.	of meeting rights and announcing that in the convening notice. A proposal to amend the Articles of Association or to dissolve the Company, this must always be stated in the convocation notice. No valid resolutions can be adopted on items in relation to which the previous sentences have not been satisfied or items discussed which have not been announced in a similar manner and with due observance of the time period stipulated for the convening notice.	
 26. Organisation of General Meetings 26.1. General meetings shall be presided over by the Chairman of the Board of Directors, or in his absence by one of the directors present designated for that purpose from among the directors present. If no director is present at the meeting, the General Meeting will appoint a chairman. 26.2. Minutes of the proceedings of General Meetings shall be drawn up and signed by the Chairman and a shareholder designated by the Chairman immediately after the opening of the General Meeting. 26.3. The Chairman of a General Meeting and likewise any director may issue instructions, at any time, for a notarial record of the 	26.2.Minutes of the proceedings of General Meetings shall be drawn up and signed by the Chairman and a person designated by the Chairman as secretary for this purpose.	Amendment to align with the practice to have a secretary sign the minutes.

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proceedings to be drawn up, at the		
Company's expense.		
26.4. All disputes relating to voting, the admission		
of persons and, in general, the meeting		
agenda shall be decided by the Chairman,		
insofar as they are not determined by law or		
under these Articles of Association.		
27. Admission		
27.1. Each Holder of meeting rights shall be		
entitled, whether in person or through a proxy		
they have designated in writing, to attend and		
address General Meetings.		
Without prejudice to the provisions in this		
article, a letter of proxy held by an authorised		
representative as referred to in the previous		
sentence must be filed at the place by the		
time stated in the notice convening the		
meeting.		
Directors shall be entitled, per se, to attend		
General Meetings.		
Directors shall act in an advisory capacity at		
General Meetings.		
The admission of other persons to a meeting	27.2.Each Holder with meeting rights must	This previously reflected article 2:117
shall be decided by the Chairman of the	notify the Company in writing of his	paragraph 3 of the Dutch Civil Code
General Meeting.	identity and his intention to attend the	but such custody of shares
27.2. As regards voting rights and/or meeting	General Meeting, including the evidence by the holder of the register as referred to	(inbewaargeving) is not possible for listed shares given the final sentence
rights, in accordance with the provisions of Articles 2:88 and 2:89 of the Civil Code and	in Article 27.3 that the Holder of meeting	thereof. The market practice of
	rights is entitled to attend and/or vote at	notifying the Board of Directors of the
subject to the relevant declaration having been deposited at the Company's offices, the	the meeting – taking into account also the	intention of attending the General
Company shall deem to be a shareholder any	provisions of Articles 2:88 and 2:89 of the	Meeting (also with a view of granting a
person specified in a written declaration by	Dutch Civil Code. This notice must be	proxy: aanmeldingsdatum) is included.
person specified in a written deciaration by		

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an Affiliated Institution as holding the number of ordinary shares indicated in the declaration as being held in its Collective deposit and provided that the person referred to in that declaration is the co-owner of that quantity of ordinary shares held in the Collective deposit and will remain so until after the General Meeting. The notice convening a General Meeting shall indicate the last date by which this must be done. That date may not be more than seven days before the date of the General Meeting. 27.3. The Board of Directors may decide that Holders of meeting rights must show that they are shareholders or otherwise entitled to meeting rights, within a certain timespan of its discretion (this timespan being referred to as the Record Date) and are entered as such in a register (hereinafter, the Register) designated by the Board of Directors, provided that the holder of that Register informs the Company in writing, at the request of the shareholder or a Holder of meeting rights, in advance of the General Meeting that the shareholder or a Holder of meeting rights intends to attend the General Meeting, irrespective of who is the shareholder or a Holder of meeting rights at that time. The evidence of registration shall indicate the number of shares for which the shareholder	received by the Company ultimately on the seventh day prior to the General Meeting (the Registration Date (aanmeldingsdatum)), unless indicated otherwise in the convening notice. Persons with Meeting Rights that have not complied with this requirement may be refused entry to the General Meeting. 27.3.The persons who, on the twenty-eighth day prior to the day of meeting (the Record Date (registratiedatum)), are entitled to the voting and/or meeting rights since they are recorded as such in the register designated by the Board of Directors (hereinafter, the Register), irrespective of whoever is the shareholder or Holder of meeting rights on the date of the General Meeting. Such evidence of registration to be provided to the Company shall indicate the number of shares for which the shareholder or a Holder of meeting rights is entitled to attend the General Meeting. The first sentence of this paragraph 3 concerning the registration evidence to be provided to the Company apply likewise to any proxy holder authorised in writing	Alignment with article 2:119 of the Dutch Civil Code for the record date (registratiedatum).

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or a Holder of meeting rights is entitled to attend the General Meeting. The provisions of the first sentence of this paragraph 3 concerning the notification to the Company apply likewise to any proxy holder authorised in writing by a shareholder or a Holder of	by a shareholder or a Holder of meeting rights.	
meeting rights. 27.4. The Record Date referred to in paragraph 3 of this article may not be more than seven days nor less than three days before the General Meeting. Any such periods applying must be indicated in the notice convening the General Meeting, as well as the place where	27.4. The Record Date must be indicated in the notice convening the General Meeting, as well as the way any Holder of meeting rights may register and how they are able to exercise their rights.	Alignment with article 2:119 paragraph 3 of the Dutch Civil Code, which deals with the record date.
and the manner in which such registration must occur. 27.5. If the Board of Directors makes use of its authority under paragraph 3 of this article, proxy holders appointed in writing must submit their letter of proxy to the holder of the register in advance of the notification to the Company referred to in paragraph 3. The holder of the register must send the proxy letters together with the notification. The Board of Directors may decide that the proxy letters of those entitled to vote should be attached to the attendance list. 27.6. To be able to attend a General Meeting and (if they are entitled to vote) take part in voting, those holding meeting rights arising.	 27.5.Any proxy holders appointed in writing (by means of an electronic means of communication) must submit their proxy to the holder of the register by ultimately the registration date referred to in paragraph 2. The holder of the register must send the proxy letters together with the notification to the Company. The Board of Directors may decide that the proxies of those entitled to vote should be attached to the attendance list. 27.6 To be able to attend a General Meeting and (if they are entitled to vote) take part 	Alignment with article 2:117a of the Dutch Civil Code, which deals with electronic means of communication in meetings.
voting, those holding meeting rights arising from priority shares or registered ordinary shares must inform the Company in writing of	in voting, those holding meeting rights arising from priority shares must inform the Company in writing of their intention to	

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
their intention to attend the meeting by the day before the General Meeting at the latest. They may exercise their rights at the meeting in respect of the priority shares or registered ordinary shares that are held in their names on the day of the General Meeting. 27.7. The provisions in the previous paragraphs of this article apply mutatis mutandis to any person with a right of usufruct or pledge on one or more shares, provided the voting rights on those shares accrues to the holder of such right of usufruct or pledgee.	attend the meeting by the day before the General Meeting at the latest. They may exercise their rights at the meeting in respect of the priority shares that are held in their names on the day of the General Meeting. [27.7: removed - 27.7 The Board of Directors may decide that shareholders and other Holders of meeting rights are entitled to exercise the rights referred to in paragraph 1 by electronic means of communication, provided that the shareholder or other Holder of meeting rights by electronic means of communication (i) can be identified, (ii) can directly take note of the proceedings at the meeting, and (iii) if applicable, exercise the right to vote. The Board of Directors may also determine that the shareholder or other Holder of meeting rights must be able to participate in the deliberations via the electronic means of communication. The Board of Directors may impose conditions on the use of the electronic means of communication, provided such conditions are reasonable and necessary for the identification of the shareholder or Holder of meeting rights and the reliability and security of the communication. Any malfunctions in the use of the electronic means of communication shall be for the risk and account of the	Applicability of this article for holders of a right of usufruct and pledge – with voting rights - already follows from the term 'Holder of meeting rights'. Alignment with article 2:117b of the Dutch Civil Code regarding electronic voting and article 2:117c of the Dutch Civil Code, which deals with electronic vote confirmation, such as required by SRD II.

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	shareholder or the other Holder of meeting rights.	
28. Voting		
28.1. Before being admitted to a General Meet a Holder of meeting rights or his proxy homest sign an attendance list, giving his nature and, where applicable, the number of vot to which he is entitled. In the case of a proxy holder for a Holder meeting rights, the name(s) of the person for whom the proxy holder is acting must be stated.	of (s)	
28.2. Each share shall carry the right to a single vote.		
28.3. Votes attaching to shares held by the Company, or by a subsidiary of the Company, may not be cast at General Meetings; this also applies to any deposit receipts for shares the Company or its subsidiary may hold. Holders of a right of usufruct of shares with however, retain their voting rights if the beneficial ownership was established befuthe Company or a subsidiary owned the shares. The Company or a subsidiary thereof man not cast votes for shares on which it hold right of usufruct. 28.4. When determining whether a certain port of the capital is represented or whether a majority represents a certain portion of the	Meeting via an electronic means of communication, in which case these votes are the equivalent of votes that are cast during the meeting. These votes cannot be cast before the record date. Without prejudice to the other provisions in Article 27, the convocation notice announces the manner in which those entitled to vote can exercise their rights prior to the meeting and under which conditions. The Company shall send an electronic acknowledgment of receipt of a vote cast electronically to the person who has cost	Dutch Civil Code regarding electronic voting.

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
capital, the capital is reduced by the amount of shares on which no vote can be cast. 28.5. To the extent the law or the Articles of Association do not prescribe a different majority or quorum, all resolutions are adopted by an absolute majority of the votes cast. If a quorum is required to pass a resolution, a second General Meeting may not be convened by relying on Article 2:120(3) of the Civil Code. 28.6. If the votes are tied, the motion shall be rejected. 28.7. All voting shall take place orally, unless the Chairman decides otherwise at the request of one or more persons entitled to vote. Written votes shall be cast by unsigned sealed ballots. 28.8. Blank votes and invalid votes shall be deemed not to have been cast. 28.9. Voting by a show of hands is possible if none of the persons in attendance who are entitled to vote objects to this. 28.10. If the Chairman of the General Meeting rules that a resolution has been passed by the General meeting, that ruling is decisive. The same applies for the content of a resolution adopted where a vote is taken on a motion that is not recorded in writing. If the accuracy of that ruling is contested immediately after it is pronounced, however, a new vote will be held if so required by the	28.7 The Chairman will decide whether and to what extent votes are taken orally, in writing or electronically, it being understood that, if any of the persons entitled to vote so desires, voting on appointing, suspending and dismissing persons will be done by sealed, unsigned ballot.	To also allow for electronic voting.

Curr	ent articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
	majority of the persons entitled to vote who		
	are present or, if the original vote did not take		
	place by roll-call or by written ballot, if		
	requested by a person entitled to vote who is		
	present.		
	The legal consequences of the original vote		
	cease to have effect as a result of this new		
	vote.		
29.	Meetings of Priority Shareholders		
29.1.	Meetings of Priority Shareholders shall be		
	held as often as the Board of Directors or a		
	holder of one or more priority shares requires		
	and, furthermore, as decided by the Meeting		
	of Priority Shareholders itself pursuant to the		
	provisions of these Articles of Association.		
29.2.	A Meeting of Priority Shareholders shall be		
	convened by the Board of Directors or a		
	holder of one or more priority shares.		
	Convening notices shall be sent to the		
	addresses given in the register of		
	shareholders.		
29.3.	The Meeting of Priority Shareholders shall		
	appoint a Chairman from among its own		
	members.		
29.4.	Each priority share shall entitle its holder to		
00.5	cast one vote.		
29.5.	The provisions in articles 25 to 28 shall apply		
00.0	mutatis mutandis insofar as possible.		
29.6.	Decision-making by Meeting of Priority		
	Shareholders may also take place in a		
	manner other than at a meeting if the priority		
	shareholders with voting rights unanimously		

Curr	ent articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
	approve this decision-making method in		
	writing (including all forms of written text		
	transfer).		
30.	Meetings of the holders of ordinary		
	shares in a specific Sub-fund		
30.1.	Meetings of holders of ordinary shares in a		
	specific Sub-fund shall be held as often as		
	decided by the Board of Directors or as		
	requested in writing, with a precise indication		
	of the items to be addressed, by one or more		
	shareholders, or by a holder of a right of		
	usufruct or pledgee vested with voting rights,		
	representing at least ten percent (10%) of the		
	shares of the relevant Sub-fund, and also as		
	often as it is necessary for the exercise of the		
	rights accruing to this Meeting pursuant to		
	the provisions of these Articles of		
	Association.		
30.2.	The provisions of articles 25 to 28 shall apply		
	mutatis mutandis insofar as possible.		
31.	Amendment of the Articles of Association,		
	mergers and demergers		
31.1.	The provisions of the Company's Articles of		
	Association may not be amended if the		
	amendment would result in the Company no		
	longer complying with the provisions of article		
24.0	3 hereof.		
31.2.	If a motion to amend the Articles of		
	Association or to dissolve the Company is		
	proposed to the General Meeting, this must		
	be clearly indicated in the notice convening		
	the meeting or further announcement as		

Curr	ent articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
	referred to in Article 25 paragraph 2 hereof,		
	and if the Articles of Association are to be		
	amended, a copy of the verbatim text of the		
	proposed amendment must be made		
	available for inspection at the offices of the		
	Company and made freely available to		
	shareholders and other persons entitled by		
	law, until such time as the meeting is held.		
31.3.	A resolution to amend the Articles of		
	Association or to dissolve the Company other		
	than pursuant to a proposal of the Meeting of		
	Priority Shareholders, may only be adopted		
	by the General Meeting by a majority of at		
	least two-thirds of the votes cast,		
	representing more than half of the issued		
	capital.		
31.4.	The provisions of paragraph 1 and paragraph		
	3 apply mutatis mutandis to any resolution for		
	a legal merger, as referred to in article 2:309		
	of the Dutch Civil Code, or resolution for a		
	legal demerger, as referred to in article 3:334		
00	of the Dutch Civil Code.		
32.	Liquidation		
32.1.	If a resolution is passed to dissolve the		
	Company, liquidation will be carried out by the Board of Directors, unless other		
	•		
	liquidators are appointed by the General Meeting.		
	The resolution to dissolve will also determine		
	the remuneration to be received by the		
	liquidator or liquidators jointly.		
	nquidator or nquidators jointly.		

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32.2.	These Articles of Association will remain in		
	effect to the greatest extent possible during		
	the liquidation procedure.		
32.3.	The liquidation surplus will be paid out to the		
	holders of ordinary shares and other holders		
	as follows:		
	(a) the shareholders shall, insofar as		
	possible, receive the balances of the		
	Sub-fund account bearing the same		
	letter as the Sub-fund they hold, after		
	deduction of any share of the costs to be		
	charged to the Sub-fund account		
	concerned, including a share of the		
	liquidation costs incurred by the		
	Company;		
	(b) costs and expenses, including the amount referred to in the first sentence		
	of this paragraph, shall be charged to the individual Sub-fund accounts in		
	proportion to the total balances of each		
	account, insofar as the provisions of the		
	sentences below do not apply.		
	A liquidation loss incurred in respect of		
	any Sub-fund account as referred to in		
	Article 5 paragraph 3, shall be charge to		
	the account of the Sub-fund concerned.		
	Any other liquidation loss shall be		
	charged to the various Sub-fund		
	accounts in proportion to the total		
	balances of the Sub-fund accounts as at		
	the last day of the financial year		
	preceding that of the liquidation.		

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For the purposes of the previous		
sentence, any losses charged in		
accordance with the second sentence		
shall be deducted from the relevant		
balances;		
(c) if a specific Sub-fund has more than one		
shareholder, all distributions to be made		
pursuant to this article to the holders of		
that Sub-fund shall be in proportion to		
their respective shareholdings in the		
Sub-fund concerned.		
32.4. After conclusion of the liquidation procedure,		
the accounts, documents and other data		
carriers of the Company shall be kept for the		
period prescribed by law by the person		
designated for this purpose by the General		
Meeting.		
32.5. The provisions of Title 1, Book 2, of the		
Dutch Civil Code shall further apply to the		
liquidation.		
33. Residual powers of General Meetings		
All powers not granted to the Board of Directors or		
other corporate bodies shall lie with the General		
Meeting, subject to the limits laid down by law and in these Articles of Association.		
34. Full force and effect		
This amendment of the articles of association will		
enter into full force and effect on the first day of		
November two thousand nineteen, per which date		
this article will cease to exist.		

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Transitional provision The provision of article 4 paragraph 1 of the articles of association of the Company shall come into effect per the moment the Board of Directors has made a filing that the issued capital is divided into three hundred million (300,000,000) shares, regardless how such number of shares is divided	Proposed articles 34. Transitional article: Authorised capital until the issued capital amounts to three million euro (EUR 3,000,000) The provision of article 4 paragraph 1 of the articles of association of the Company shall come into effect per the moment the Board of Directors has made a filing that the issued	Explanatory notes [Add article header and subsequent article number]
between the Sub-funds. Until such moment, the following provisions of the Articles of Association shall read: (a) Article 4 paragraph 1: The authorised capital of the Company shall amount to three million euros (EUR 3,000,000) and is divided into: ten (10) priority shares; and two hundred ninety-nine million nine hundred ninety-nine thousand nine hundred and ninety (299,999,990) ordinary shares, divided into twenty-six classes of ordinary shares designated by the letters A to Z, each with a par value of one cent (EUR	capital is divided into three hundred million (300,000,000) shares, regardless how such number of shares is divided between the Subfunds. Until such moment, the following provisions of the Articles of Association shall read:	
 0.01). (b) Article 5 paragraph 1: A series of ordinary shares is designated hereafter as a Sub-fund. (a) Sub-fund A consists of nine million one hundred thirty-four thousand six hundred seventy (9,134,670) ordinary shares A; (b) Sub-fund B consists of four million three hundred twenty-six thousand nine hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary shares B; 		

Current ar	ticles	Pro	posed articles	Explanatory notes
(c)	Sub-fund C consists of four million three hundred twenty-six thousand nine hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary shares C;			
(d)	Sub-fund D consists four million three hundred twenty-six thousand nine hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary shares D:			
(e)	Sub-fund E consists of four million three hundred twenty-six thousand nine hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary shares E;	(f)	Sub-fund F consists of fifteen million	For sub-fund F, the number of shares
(f)	Sub-fund F consists of twenty million (20,000,000) ordinary shares F;	(g)	(15,000,000) ordinary shares F; Sub-fund G consists of ten million	is decreased. For sub-fund G, the number of shares
(g)	Sub-fund G consists four million three hundred twenty-six thousand nine hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary shares G;	(0)	(10,000,000) ordinary shares G;	is decreased (in comparison to the latest board resolution filed at the Dutch trade register).
(h)	Sub-fund H consists forty-five million (45,000,000) ordinary shares H;	(i)	Sub-fund I consists of sixty-eight million four hundred eighty thousand seven	For sub-fund I, the number of shares is
(i)	Sub-fund I consists of ninety (90,000,000) ordinary shares I;		hundred sixty-one (68,480,761) ordinary	increased.
(j)	Sub-fund J consists of forty-five million (45,000,000) ordinary shares J;		shares I;	
(k)	Sub-fund K consists of four million three hundred twenty-six thousand nine hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary shares K;	(k)	Sub-fund K consists of twenty-five million (25,000,000) ordinary shares K;	For sub-fund K, the number of shares is increased.
(1)	Sub-fund L consists of four million three hundred twenty-six thousand nine hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary shares L;			
(m)	Sub-fund M consists of four million three hundred twenty-six thousand nine			

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	hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary		
	shares M;		
(n)	Sub-fund N consists of four million		
	three hundred twenty-six thousand nine		
	hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary shares N;		
(0)	Sub-fund O consists of four million		
	three hundred twenty-six thousand nine hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary shares O;		
(p)	Sub-fund P consists of four million		
. ,	three hundred twenty-six thousand nine		
	hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary		
	shares P;		
(q)	Sub-fund Q consists of four million		
	three hundred twenty-six thousand nine		
	hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary		
	shares Q;		
(r)	Sub-fund R consists of four million		
	three hundred twenty-six thousand nine		
	hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary		
	shares R;		
(s)	Sub-fund S consists of four million		
	three hundred twenty-six thousand nine		
	hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary		
(+)	shares S; Sub-fund T consists of four million		
(t)	three hundred twenty-six thousand nine		
	hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary		
	shares T;		
(11)	Sub-fund U consists of four million		
(u)	three hundred twenty-six thousand nine		
	hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary		
	shares U;		

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
 (v) Sub-fund V consists of four million three hundred twenty-six thousand nine hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary shares V; (w) Sub-fund W consists of four million three hundred twenty-six thousand nine hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary shares W; (x) Sub-fund X consists of four million three hundred twenty-six thousand nine hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary shares X; (y) Sub-fund Y consists of four million three hundred twenty-six thousand nine hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary shares Y; (z) Sub-fund Z consists of four million three hundred twenty-six thousand nine hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary shares Z. This provisional clause will have ceased to be effective immediately after the Board of Directors has made the relevant filings that the issued capital of the Company is divided into (300,000,000) shares, regardless how such number of shares is divided between the Sub-funds. 	 (y) Sub-fund Y consists of four million three hundred twenty-six thousand nine hundred twenty (4,326,920) ordinary shares Y; (z) Sub-fund Z consists of four million four hundred ninety-nine thousand nine hundred ninety-nine (4,499,999) ordinary shares Z. This transitional article 34 will have ceased to be effective immediately after the Board of Directors has made the relevant filings at the Dutch trade register that the issued capital of the Company is divided into (300,000,000) shares, regardless how such number of shares is divided between the Sub-funds. 	For sub-fund Y, the number of shares is increased (in comparison to the latest board resolution filed at the Dutch trade register). For sub-fund Z, the number of shares unchanged (in comparison to the latest board resolution filed at the Dutch trade register).
	Final statements Finally the appearing person declared: (a) to increase the par value and issued and outstanding capital of Sub-fund F and Sub-fund K: (i) the par value of each share of Sub-fund F shall be increased	The trigger for the corporate actions to increase the nominal value per share (consolidation and issue of new shares on account of the (share premium) reserve (account)) and subsequently, decrease of the nominal value per share to EUR 0.01,is the execution of

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
	from one cent (EUR 0.01) to two cents (EUR 0.02), which conversion by consolidation results in [•] ([•]) ordinary shares F outstanding with a par value of two cents (EUR 0.02); (ii) the par value of each share of Sub-fund K shall be increased from one cent (EUR 0.01) to four cents (EUR 0.04), which conversion by consolidation which results in [•] ([•]) ordinary shares K outstanding with a par value of four cents (EUR 0.04); (iii) the Board of Directors resolved to issue the double number of current outstanding shares F, [•] ([•]) ordinary shares F with a par value of two cents (EUR 0.02) each, under the condition precedent (opschortende voorwaarde) of the current amendment to the Articles of Association (the Condition Precedent), which conversion of the (share premium) reserve (account) attached to the Subfund F into new ordinary shares F (which payment obligations are satisfied by way of converting this distributable reserve into share capital) results in [•] ([•]) ordinary shares F outstanding with a par	this deed of amendment (which results in the convergence of legal acts: samenval van rechtsmomenten). Given article 2:124 par 3 Dutch Civil Code, it is necessary to include the current issued and outstanding capital (amount and number of shares) in the deed of amendment when the authorised capital is amended. The relevant number of shares issued and outstanding on the date of the EGM/execution of the deed will be provided close of business and included (as this varies from day to day given the nature of this company).

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
	outstanding capital amount)	-
	results in [●] ([●]) ordinary shares	
	F outstanding with a par value of	
	one cent (EUR 0.01) each;	
	(ii) the par value of each share of	
	Sub-fund K shall be decreased	
	from four cents (EUR 0.04) to	
	one cent (EUR 0.01), shall be	
	decreased from two cents (EUR	
	0.02) to one cent (EUR 0.01),	
	which conversion by a stock split	
	(without reducing the issued and	
	outstanding capital amount)	
	results in [●] ([●]) ordinary shares	
	K outstanding with a par value of	
	one cent (EUR 0.01);	
	(c) upon the current amendment to the	
	Articles of Association taking effect, the	
	issued and paid-up capital amounts to	
	[●] euro (EUR [●]), consisting of	
	- one (1) priority share; and	
	- the following ordinary shares:	
	(a) Sub-fund A consists of [●] ([●])	
	ordinary shares A;	
	(b) Sub-fund B consists of [●] ([●])	
	ordinary shares B;	
	(c) Sub-fund C consists of [•] ([•])	
	ordinary shares C;	
	(d) Sub-fund D consists [●] ([●])	
	ordinary shares D;	
	(e) Sub-fund E consists of [●] ([●])	
	ordinary shares E;	
	(f) Sub-fund F consists of [●] ([●])	
	ordinary shares F;	

Current articles	Proposed articles	Explanatory notes
	(g) Sub-fund G consists [●] ([●])	
	ordinary shares G;	
	(h) Sub-fund H consists [●] ([●])	
	ordinary shares H;	
	(i) Sub-fund I consists of [●] ([●])	
	ordinary shares I;	
	(j) Sub-fund J consists of [●] ([●])	
	ordinary shares J;	
	(k) Sub-fund K consists of [●] ([●])	
	ordinary shares K;	
	(I) Sub-fund L consists of [●] ([●])	
	ordinary shares L;	
	(m) Sub-fund M consists of [●] ([●])	
	ordinary shares M;	
	(n) Sub-fund N consists of [●] ([●])	
	ordinary shares N.	